## Amendments to the Claims

1. (original) A computing system, comprising:

a rounding apparatus to accepts an input value that is a real number represented in floating-point format, and to perform a rounding operation on the input value to generate an output value that is an integer represented in floating-point format;

a memory to store a computer program that utilizes the rounding apparatus; and a central processing unit (CPU) to execute the computer program, the CPU is cooperatively connected to the rounding apparatus and the memory.

- 2. (original) The system of claim 1, wherein the rounding apparatus uses a truncation technique to round the input value.
  - 3. (original) The system of claim 2, wherein the rounding apparatus includes:
- a floating-point to integer converter to truncate the input value to convert the input value to an integer represented in an integer format; and

an integer to floating-point converter to convert the integer represented in an integer format to the output value.

- 4. (original) The system of claim 1, wherein the rounding apparatus rounds the input value to the nearest integer.
  - 5. (original) The system of claim 4, wherein the rounding apparatus includes:
  - an "AND" operator to extract a sign bit of the input value;
  - an "OR" operator to generate an adjustment value based on the sign bit;
- an ADD operator to compute an adjusted input value by adding the adjustment value to the input value, the adjusted input value is a real number represented in floating-point format;



a floating-point to integer converter to truncate a fractional portion of the adjusted input value to convert the adjusted input value to an integer represented in an integer format; and

an integer to floating-point converter to convert the integer represented in an integer format to generate the output value.

- 6. (original) The system of claim 5, wherein the "AND" operator extracts the sign bit of the input value by performing a bit-wise logical AND operation on the input value and a sign mask.
- 7. (original) The system of claim 5, wherein the "OR" operator generates the adjustment value by performing a bit-wise logical OR operation on the sign bit and a real value of 0.5.
- 8. (original) The system of claim 1, wherein the rounding apparatus rounds the input value toward minus infinity  $(-\infty)$ .
- 9. (original) The system of claim 8, wherein the rounding apparatus includes: a floating-point to integer converter to truncate an input value to convert the input value to a first integer represented in an integer format;

an integer to floating-point converter to convert the first integer represented in an integer format to a second integer represented in floating-point format;

a first SUBTRACT operator to compute a fractional portion of the input value using the second integer;

a "less than" comparator to generate a boolean mask based on the fractional portion of the input value;

an "AND" operator to use the boolean mask to generate an adjustment value represented in floating-point format; and

a second SUBTRACT operator to subtract the adjustment value from the input value to generate the output value.



- 10. (original) The system of claim 9, wherein the first SUBTRACT operator computes the fractional portion of the input value by subtracting the second integer from the input value.
- 11. (original) The system of claim 9, wherein the "less than" comparator generates the boolean mask by comparing the fractional portion of the input value to a real value of 0.0.
- 12. (original) The system of claim 9, wherein the "AND" operator generates the adjustment value by performing a bit-wise logical AND operation on the boolean mask and a real value of 1.0.
- 13. (original) The system of claim 1, wherein the rounding apparatus rounds the input value toward plus infinity  $(+\infty)$ .
- 14. (original) The system of claim 13, wherein the rounding apparatus includes: a floating-point to integer converter to truncate an input value to convert the input value to a first integer represented in an integer format;

an integer to floating-point converter to convert the first integer represented in an integer format to a second integer represented in floating-point format;

- a SUBTRACT operator to compute a fractional portion of the input value using the second integer;
- a "greater-than" comparator to generate a boolean mask based on the fractional portion of the input value;
- an "AND" operator to use the boolean mask to generate an adjustment value represented in floating-point format; and
- an ADD operator to add the adjustment value to the input value to generate the output value.

- 15. (original) The system of claim 14, wherein the SUBTRACT operator computes the fractional portion of the input value by subtracting the second integer from the input value.
- 16. (original) The system of claim 14, wherein the "greater-than" comparator generates the boolean mask by comparing the fractional portion of the input value to a real value of 0.0.
- 17. (original) The system of claim 14, wherein the "AND" operator generates the adjustment value by performing a bit-wise logical AND operation on the boolean mask and a real value of 1.0.
  - 18. (original) A method comprising:
    accepting an input value that is a real number represented in floating-point format;
    converting the input value to a first integer;
    converting the first integer represented to a second integer; and
    storing the second integer as an output value.
- 19. (original) The method of claim 18, wherein converting the input value to a first integer comprises:

representing the first integer in an integer format.

20. (original) The method of claim 18, wherein converting the first integer to the second integer comprises:

representing the second integer in floating-point format.

21. (original) A method comprising:

building an adjustment value represented in floating-point format;

adding the adjustment value to an input value to generate an adjusted input value represented in floating-point format;



truncating the adjusted input value to convert the adjusted input value to a first integer represented in an integer format;

converting the first integer represented in an integer format to a second integer represented in floating-point format; and

storing the second integer as an output value.

22. (original) The method of claim 21, wherein building the adjustment value comprises:

extracting a sign bit of the input value by performing a bit-wise logical AND operation on the input value and a sign mask.

23. (original) The method of claim 21, wherein building the adjustment value comprises:

building the adjustment value by performing a bit-wise logical OR operation on a real value of 0.5 and a sign bit extracted from the input value.

24. (currently amended) A method comprising: The method as recited by claim

43, wherein additively combining the adjustment value with the input value comprises

subtracting the adjustment value from the input value

generating a first integer represented in an integer format by truncating an input value;

converting the first integer represented in an integer format to a second integer
represented in floating point format;

computing a fractional portion of the input value using the second-integer represented in floating-point-format;

generating a boolean value using the fractional portion of the input value; ereating an adjustment value using the boolean value;

computing a rounded input value by subtracting the adjustment value from the input value.



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25. (original) The method of claim 24, wherein computing the fractional portion of the input value comprises:

subtracting the second integer represented in floating-point format from the input value to generate the fractional portion of the input value.

- 26. (original) The method of claim 24, wherein generating the boolean value comprises comparing the fractional portion of the input value to a real value of 0.0.
- 27. (original) The method of claim 24, wherein creating an adjustment value comprises performing a bit-wise logical AND operation on the boolean value and a real value of 1.0.
- 28. (currently amended)

  A method comprising: The method as recited in claim

  43, wherein additively combining the adjustment value with the input value comprises

  generating a first integer represented in an integer format by truncating an input value;

  converting the first integer represented in an integer format to a second integer

  represented in floating point format;

subtracting the second integer represented in floating point format from the input value to generate a fractional portion of the input value;

generating a boolean value using the fractional portion of the input value; ereating an adjustment value using the boolean value;

adding the adjustment value to the input value to generate a rounded input value, and wherein computing a fractional portion of the input values using the second integer represented in floating-point format comprises subtracting the second integer represented in floating-point format from the input value.

29. (original) The method of claim 28, wherein creating an adjustment value comprises:

comparing the fractional portion of the input value to a real value of 0.0.



30. (original) The method of claim 28, wherein creating an adjustment value comprises:

performing a bit-wise logical AND operation on the boolean value and a real value of 1.0.

- 31. (original) A machine-readable medium comprising instructions which, when executed by a machine, cause the machine to perform operations comprising:
- a first code segment truncates the input value to convert the input value to a first integer; and
  - a second code segment integer to convert the first integer to a second integer.
- 32. (original) The machine-readable medium of claim 31, wherein the first integer is represented in an integer format.
- 33. (original) The machine-readable medium of claim 31, wherein the second integer is represented in floating-point format.
- 34. (original) A machine-readable medium comprising instructions which, when executed by a machine, cause the machine to perform operations comprising:
  - a first code segment to extract a sign bit of the input value;
  - a second code segment to generate an adjustment value based on the sign bit;
- a third code segment to compute an adjusted input value represented in floating-point format:
- a fourth code segment to truncate a fractional portion of the adjusted input value to convert the adjusted input value to an integer represented in an integer format; and
- a fifth code segment to convert the integer represented in an integer format to generate the output value.

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- 35. (original) The machine-readable medium of claim 34, wherein the second code segment generates the adjustment value by performing a bit-wise logical OR operation on the sign bit and a value of 0.5.
- 36. (original) The machine-readable medium of claim 34, wherein the third code segment computes the adjusted input value by adding the adjustment value to the input value.
  - 37. (canceled)
  - 38. (canceled)
  - 39. (canceled)
- 40. (currently amended) A machine-readable medium comprising instructions which, when executed by a machine, cause the machine to perform operations comprising:
- a first code segment to truncate an input value to convert the input value to a first integer represented in an integer format;
- a second code segment to floating-point converter to convert the first integer represented in an integer format to a second integer represented in floating-point format;
- a third code segment to subtract the second integer from the input value to compute a fractional portion of the input value;
- a fourth code segment to generate a boolean mask based on the fractional portion of the input value;
- a fifth code segment to generate an adjustment value represented in floating-point format; and
- a sixth code segment to subtract the adjustment value from the input value to generate the output value represented in floating-point format.



- 41. (original) The machine-readable medium of claim 40, wherein the fourth code segment generates the boolean mask by comparing the fractional portion of the input value to a real value of 0.0.
- 42. (original) The machine-readable medium of claim 40, wherein the fifth code segment generates the adjustment value by performing a bit-wise logical AND operation on the boolean mask and a real value of 1.0.
  - 43. (new) A method comprising:

generating a first integer represented in an integer format by truncating an input value; converting the first integer represented in an integer format to a second integer represented in floating-point format;

computing a fractional portion of the input value using the second integer represented in floating-point format;

generating a boolean value using the fractional portion of the input value;

creating an adjustment value using the boolean value; and

computing a rounded input value by additively combining the adjustment value with
the input value.

- 44. (new) The machine-readable medium as recited in claim 41, wherein the comparison of the fourth code segment generates a true Boolean mask when the fractional portion is less than the real value of 0.0.
- 45. (new) The machine-readable medium as recited in claim 41, wherein the comparison of the fourth code segment generates a true Boolean mask when the fractional portion is greater than the real value of 0.0.

